بسم الله الرحمن الرحيم

Evolution of Cairo Transport & Land Use and of their Effects on Energy & Environment; Problems, Solutions and Potentials

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Challenge for Big Cities of the Global South?

Urban Population Increases

- → Lack of Space & Economic Constraints
- → Activity Concentration & Random Expansion
- → Increased Travel, Traffic & Mode Captivity
- → Decrease Speed & Increased Delay
- → Increase Energy Consumption
- → Environment Quality Degradation
- → Dissatisfaction
- → Change of LU

Urban Population Increases

The Challenge is Big ... But Avoidance of

Adverse Effects is Really Possible



1. Brief on Greater Cairo

Transport Modes

Private Transport:

Car / Taxi / Bus / Motorcycle /

Public Transport:

Formal:

Bus / Minibus / Metro / Tram / Suburb. Rail / N Ferry

Informal:

Shared Taxi

Transport Supply & Demand (GC 2001)

	Vehs.	Lines	Length (km)	Speed (km/hr)	Trips (million)
C	1.2 m				3
В	3350	520	10000	19	3
M	22	2	80	33	2
ST	27000	325			3.6
Т					1.2
Pt. B					1.2
0					0.4

Travel Demand (GC 2001) Pop. 11 m

- 22.4 Million Trips / day
- 36 % NMT (8 m trips / day mostly walk)
- 64 % Motorized (14.4 m trips / day)
- Cars (Cairo 0.65 m / GC app. 1.2 m)

Expected (GC 2022) Pop. 22 m

- Motorized (25 m trips / day)
- Cars 2.5 m



2. Comments on Transport Supply and Demand Evolution

2.1 Bus & Minibus

- Operator increases supply (buses & lines) while demand is decreasing
 - Do not make full use of existing supply
 - Loss of revenue
 - Supply increase for access
 - > Increased cost of operation

2.2 **Shared Taxes**

- Supply & Demand Increase sharply
- Admit ST is there to stay and expand
- Need for liberal policies:
 - Deregulation / commercialization / eventual privatization of bus operation that is steadily looses market
- Be aware of the adverse effects of increased ST: Need for enforcement:
 - Driver behavior, fare violation, routes, energy efficiency,

2.3 Metro

- Lines & Demand Increase
- Evolution of Past Financing
 - L1 100 % France
 L2 100 % Local MOT & TC
 L3 National banks, international loans, fare box (20%). [MT not MT&C]

2.4 Cars

- Growth vary with Economic Policy

60s Low (closed) / 70s Sharp (open) 80s Med (moderate) / 90 & 00s High (GAT)

3. Main Land Use Elements Contributing to Increased Transport & Environment Problems and Increased Energy Consumption

- Activity concentration
- Unbalanced distribution of H & W
- Concentrated workshop sites in the inner areas

- Difficulty of control of Housing Regulations
- Random housing expansion
- Adaptive reuse of activity units
- Higher densities of use of major activity centres

(1960s)

(1970s)

(1980s)

4. Main <u>LU Policies</u> related to Transport, Environ. And Energy Long Term Policies

- Activity Decentralization (Mid70s Now) Success
- New planned cities around GC (Late70s Now) + ve Varied
- Control of Random Expansion (980s to 90s) Varied

Medium Term Policies

- Activity Units out of Cairo (Late 80s to 90s) Success
- Workshops to outer locations (1990s) + ve. Varied

Short Term Policies

- Control of Building Regulations (Continuous) Challenge
- Control of Adaptive Reuse (Since 1990s) Success

5. Main Transport Elements Related to Environment & Energy Consumption

- Congested road network (Started progression since 1960s)
- Increased Fleet age (Continuous progression)
- Difficulty of regular car tuning (Persisting)
- Through traffic passing the CBD (Progression till mid 90s)
- Mode captivity (Continuous / slight improvement since 90s)
- Lack of bus priorities & integration (Continuous)
- Increase of microbus informal transit vehicles (Continuous)
- Lack of professional traffic managt. & eng. design (Continuous)
- Difficulties to promote cycling (Continuous)

6. Main Transport Projects with good effect on Energy Saving & Environment Quality

- Ring Road (1995 improves. in progress since 2006)
- New Road Traffic Corridors (1990s / 2007 2010)
- New bridges, overpasses and tunnels (Since 1970s till now)
- Metro (L1 1987, L2 1994, L3 standard 2006)
- CNG Taxis (Since 1990s; progressing fast)
- Air Con Buses (Since late 1990s; progressing fast)
- New Car Assembly Plants (Since 1990s and progressing)
- Parking Garages (Since 1990s; progressing fast)
- Reducing Taxi Age (Since 2007)
- Moving Bus Depots (Since 2007)

7. Areas for Imp. & Needed Effort; Transport

- Metro Line 3 [Phases 1 & 2 2010 / 4 & 5 2015]
- Vehicle Technology
 - Promote vehicle tuning [EEAA Stations / Veh. Licensing Reg]
 - Continue on reducing fleet age [EEAA Taxi Project]
 - Continuing success of CNG policies [impressive progress]
 - Promote cycling [DRTPC Project for GEF / UNDP & MOE]
 - Transport Demand Management
 - Traffic management & Ped. zones
 - Bus priorities & Mode Integration
 - Integration & Parking Policies

DRTPC Project

for GEF / UNDP

& MOE]

- New Elevated Corridors [2007 2010 MOH]
- Transport Management & Planning by Transport Engineers
 [<u>Unfortunately Not Yet !!]</u>



8. Areas for Improvement & Needed Effort; Land Use

- Continue decentralization past and current efforts for;
 - Improving new cities services
 - Encouraging more decentralization of activity centres
 - Moving workshops to outer locations
- Continue control efforts for
 - More control of adaptive reuse of existing activity units
 - Stricter control of unplanned urban expansion
 - Stricter control of building regulations
- Directing MOH fund for Transport Projects to MOT

9. <u>Overall Requirements;</u> <u>Transport & Land Use Related</u>

- > 9.1 Financing
 - Untraditional mechanisms
 - Private sector participation
 - Introduce appropriate private financing regulations
 - International TA & Aid unsustainable

- 9.2 Planning & Projects
 - Energy Savings & Environment Quality as major objective
 - More weight to energy and environment impacts in policies/ projects
 - Linking land use planning and transport planning
 - Transport Projects according to agreed priorities regardless of the financing authority



- > 9.3 Institutional
- Local authorities development
- Institutionalize the job of transport and traffic engineers
- Semi Public Parking Authority
- Implement modernization plan of the bus operator
- Radical improvement of the concession contracts of private bus operators

- > 9.4 Foreign Technical Assistance !!
 - To be made sustainable (sustained innovative local future financing)
- To utilize mainly local learned expertise (not just foreign consultants)
- To take into consideration local needs and conditions
- To understand more the local realities
- To utilize experience from cities of similar conditions, size and needs

In Summery,

Problems exist

<u>YES</u>

Some out of hand & some can be controlled

Success Exists

Also YES

Some need to consolidate & some need to develop

BUT WE NEED

More awareness and understanding

Not alone from City Authorities

But also & not less important from:

International Lending Agencies

Thank You